#### EADIEMAC Process for the Partial Upgrading of Heavy oil.



(Scroll down or click to advance slides.)

#### Preamble

- Normally diluent is blended with heavy crude oil to meet pipeline viscosity specifications. By thermally changing the viscosity of the oil, near well sites, the oil may be transported with significantly less diluent. Where appropriate, the partially upgraded oil may be redirected to a higher value product pipeline. Skid mounted units can be fabricated for higher volumes, say 10,000 bbls. at central locations.
- The **EADIEMAC Process** is a practical solution to the need for small field upgrading units. The process is designed primarily to thermally change heavy crude oil by visbreaking into a much lower viscosity higher value oil. Heavy oil producers may take advantage of the price differential between heavy and light crudes in the field and facilitate the transportation of heavy crude oil by pipeline over long distances with less diluent in a cost effective plant.

## Developers

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# EADIEMAC Process Introduction

- Designed to partially upgrade & reduce the viscosity of heavy oil/bitumen with field upgraders
- Reduces or eliminates the need for diluent to achieve pipeline viscosity specifications
- A mini-refinery with low capital & operating costs that can supply energy for steam generation
- Need a site for a pilot plant

# The Development Strategy To: Shovel Ready

- ✓ Concept creation and design research plan
- Design pilot plant and testing strategy
- ✓ Secure samples of raw heavy oil-Cold Lake and Ft. Kent
- ✓ Build pilot plant ARC Nisku & Devon
- ✓ Run a series of tests up to 1.5 bbls/day
- ✓ Analyse & report on test runs
- ✓ Process Elk Point crude for a major company refinery test
- Process/test in a 200 bbl/day #2 diesel plant, thermally cracked material, for a method to clean over cracked product, if required
- ✓ Translate test results into an engineering design
- ✓ Complete drawings of 1200-2000 bbl/day modular plant
- Obtain final quotation from a fabricator to build the plant
- □ Check final economic viability as a profitable business
- Secure patent coverage for improvements
- Build and test a field scale demonstration plant

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# Topics

- **Partial** upgrading (no hydrogen, no coke)
- Viscosity objectives
- "Indirect" thermal reduction of viscosity
- Typical refinery equipment
- EADIEMAC Process flow diagram
- Value increase and cost reduction for site partial upgrading
- Partial upgrading v's diluent blending
- Project budget for a 1200-2000 bbl/day skid mounted unit
- Test results
- Breakeven analysis
- Key advantages 1-3
- Current objectives
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<u>Partial</u> upgrading (no hydrogen, no coke)

- No hydrogen thus low pressure 50psi.
- H2 is not required to achieve the objectives
- Focus on viscosity reduction with approx. 4 API change sufficient to meet viscosity objectives
- Simple system, low capital cost, ease of operation, minimal controls, low operating costs

Viscosity objectives

- ~350 Cp
- Depends on what you start with! 8 10 15 API
- 21 API not required if viscosity objectives met
- Viscosity has primary influence on pipeline power requirements

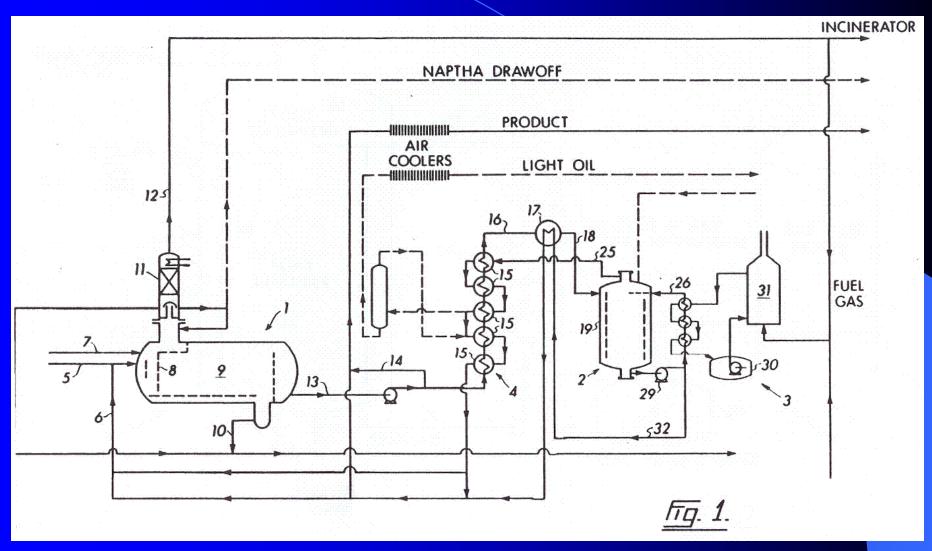
# "Indirect" thermal reduction of viscosity

- High temperature eutectic salt
- Standard heater to melt salt
- <u>Uniform</u> application of heat around heavy oil in tube of shell & tube exchangers
- Known refinery type equipment operation
- Visbreaking is a well-established process

# Typical refinery equipment

- Built in shop on skid, modules shipped to site to suit various volumes of feedstock
- Standard fired heater, shell and tube exchangers, soak vessel
- Dual exchangers, quick clean feed line
- High temperature pump
- Pneumatic/electronic controls
- 50 psi. ASME

#### **EADIEMAC Process flow diagram**



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Value increase and cost reduction for site partial upgrading

- Incremental sales value
- SAGD natural gas cost reduction
- Eliminate diluent transport to and from SAGD site (pipeline, tankage, operations)
- Reduction in diluent premium net cost
- Reduction in transport volume cost
- Reduced pipeline requirements for diluent

# Partial Upgrading v's Diluent Blending

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Project Budget for a 1200 – 2000 bbl/day skid mounted unit

 \$9m based on 2021 estimates and CESSCO/ALTEX quotes for the major equipment

- Notes:
- Incinerator not included
- Tankage and site not included

#### **Test Results**

✓ Alberta Research Council tests.

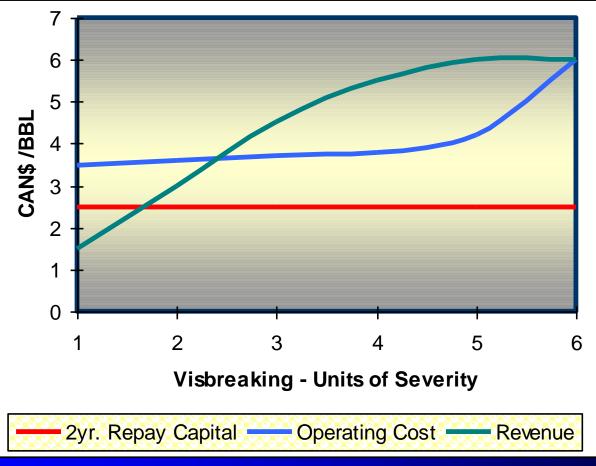
✓ 200 bbl/day diesel plant second stage process result.

#### Fort Kent heavy oil test results

(Note: Click on link above to view.)



Breakeven Analysis (Conceptual only – will vary by site. Revenue levels off and operating costs increase at highest severity as coke precursors start to form.)



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# Key Advantages - 1

- Accurately control salt temperature
- Uniform heat transfer through shell and tube exchangers
- Slowly raise temperature to achieve the degree of visbreaking required
- A higher bulk temperature can be used thus producing greater quantities of gas oil
- Uniform film coefficient to avoid coking
- Control oil pumping rate through tubes
- Easily control level, time and temperature in soak vessel to adjust to changes in feedstock quality

# Key Advantages - 2

- Low pressure distillation of feed in the annular compartment of soak vessel thus saving a flasher unit and utilizing energy from visbreaking action
- Use of a soaker drum helps produce a stable residue product
- Incorporates quench of vapours from cracking exchangers
- No equipment internals in the high temperature flash zone
- Delays quench of liquid effluent until it approaches the perimeter of the soak vessel
- Good energy utilization

#### Key Advantages - 3

- Can incorporate dual high temperature salt/heavy oil exchangers and switch to avoid shutdowns for cleaning
- Can incorporate dual liquid/vapour effluent lines into soaker vessel with removable stainless steel liners to avoid shutdowns and ease of cleaning

#### **Current** objectives

- To secure a site for a demonstration pilot plant
- To obtain feedback from operators
- To "fine tune" the engineering design to obtain the optimum upgrading of a variety of feed stocks
- To reduce capital & operating costs

## Summary

- Partial upgrading with viscosity reduction & reduced diluent
- Low capital & operating costs
- Typical refinery/oilfield visbreaking equipment
- Secure patent coverage for improvements
   Construct and operate a 2000 bbl/day demonstration plant
   Construct and operate a 10,000 bbl/day modular unit

# 2000 bbl/day Plant Model



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